





IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 03.01.2023

CORAM:

The Hon'ble Mr.JUSTICE M.SUNDAR

W.P.No.34963 of 2022

M/s.Path Finder India Represented by its Partner Mr.Sudesh Old No.291/2, New No.64/1 Linghi Chetty Street Parrys, Chennai-600 001.

.. Petitioner

Vs.

- 1. Assistant Commissioner (State Tax) (FAC) Muthialpet Assessment Circle Integrated Commercial Taxes Building No.32, Elephant Gate Bridge Road Chennai-600 003.
- 2. Branch Manager
 Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited
 KKBK0000468
 T.Nagar, Ground Floor
 Shree Essarar Towers,
 41, Venkatnarayana Road
 T.Nagar, Chennai-600 017, Tamil Nadu.

.. Respondents

Writ petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to



issue a Writ of Certiorari Mandamus, to call for the records pertaining to the impugned order RC.No.33AAIFP0890R1Z1/A3/2022 dated 30.09.2022 served on the petitioner on 08.11.2022 issued by the 1st respondent and quash the same and consequently, direct the 2nd respondent to defreeze their current account bearing No.3111142072.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.Abdul Razack For Respondents : Mr.C.Harsha Raj

Additional Government Pleader (Taxes)

for R1

ORDER

In the captioned writ petition, which is in the Admission Board, Mr.M.Abdul Razack, learned counsel on record for writ petitioner is before this writ Court.

2. Learned counsel submits that the writ petitioner is a dealer qua 'Tamil Nadu Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017' [hereinafter 'TN-G&ST Act' for the sake of convenience and clarity]; that the writ petitioner was visited with a notice dated 24.03.2022 *inter alia* under Rule 142(1A) of 'Tamil Nadu Goods and Services Tax Rules 2017' [hereinafter 'TN-G&ST Rules' for the sake of convenience and clarity]; that the writ petitioner sent a reply dated 25.04.2022; that notwithstanding the reply i.e., pending





reference

bearing

RC.No.33AAIFP0890R1ZN/A3/2022' [hereinafter 'impugned order' for the sake of convenience and clarity] has been made by the first respondent [hereinafter 'impugned order' for the sake of convenience and clarity] which *inter alia* cripples the writ petitioner's bank account with the second respondent bank.

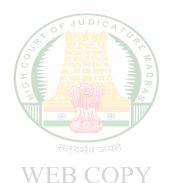
'order

an

dated

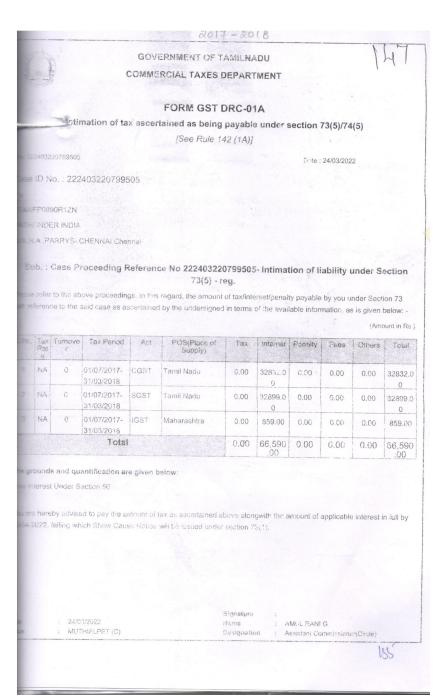
30.09.2022

3. Owing to the narrow compass on which the captioned writ petition turns, this writ Court directed Mr.C.Harsha Raj, learned Additional Government Pleader to accept notice on behalf of the first respondent and with the consent of both sides, main writ petition was taken up. To be noted, the second respondent Bank is only a formal party and it has no stake in the *lis*. Suffice to say that the second respondent Bank will only remain bound by any orders made by this Court or by the first respondent. Before proceeding further, this writ Court deems it appropriate to scan and reproduce the aforementioned 24.03.2022 notice given to the writ petitioner and 25.04.2022 reply of the writ petitioner and the same are as follows:





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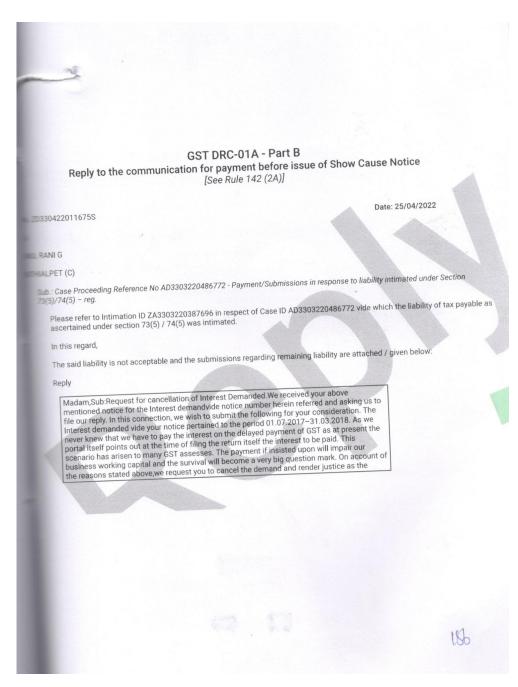






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4. Notwithstanding very many averments in the writ affidavit, short point which the learned counsel on record for writ petitioner makes in his campaign against the impugned order is, the writ petitioner having sent a reply the same should have culminated in some proceedings under Section 73 or Section 74 of TN-G&ST Act. To be noted, this is the lone point that falls for consideration in the captioned writ petition.

5. Learned Revenue counsel submits that the impugned order has been made under Section 79(1)(c) of TN-G&ST Act. In the days to come, it is desirable that the authorities mention the provision of law under which a notice is issued or an order is made so that there is clarity and specificity qua Revenue as well as assessee / dealer. Be that as it may, the impugned notice makes it clear that the writ petitioner has been treated as a defaulter under sub-section (12) of Section 75 of TN-G&ST Act. A careful perusal of the aforementioned 24.03.2022 notice also makes it clear that the claim pertains only to interest which turns on Section 50(1) of TN-G&ST Act. In this regard also 24.03.2022 notice appears to be a template and it talks about tax while it is actually interest, which is evident from the tabulation.





Likewise, the impugned notice also talks about defaulter of tax whereas WEB COPY
the tabulation makes it clear that it is only the interest.

6. Be that as it may, the clincher in the whole issue is the language in which sub-section (12) of Section 75 of TN-G&ST Act is couched. To be noted, sub-section (12) of Section 75 of TN-G&ST Act reads as follows:

	'75. C	General	Provisions	relating	to det	ermination	of
tax							
	(1)						
	(2)						
	(3)						
	(4)						
	(5)						
	(6)						
	(7)		•••••				
	(8)		•••••				
	(9)		•••••				
	(10)		•••••				
	(11)		•••••				
	(12) N	lotwiths	tanding any	vthing co	ntainea	l in section	73
or se	ction 7	4, when	re any am	ount of	self-as	sessed tax	in
accor	dance v	with a re	turn furnis	hed unde	r secti	on 39 rema	ins





unpaid, either wholly or party, or any amount of interest payable on such tax remains unpaid, the same shall be recovered under the provisions of section 79.'

7. It is clear that sub-section (12) of Section 75 of TN-G&ST Act opens with a non obstante expression and is notwithstanding Section 73 and Section 74 of TN-G&ST Act. Therefore, as regards the interest component qua Section 50(1) of TN-G&ST Act, the argument that the notice dated 24.03.2022 should have culminated in proceedings under Sections 73 or 74 is a non-starter. This by itself draws the curtains on the captioned writ petition.

8. However, this Court deems it appropriate to provide one window to the writ petitioner and that is to say that the first respondent shall consider the reply of the writ petitioner dated 25.04.2022 (scanned and reproduced supra) and take a call on the same as expeditiously as the official business of the first respondent would permit and in any event, within three weeks from today i.e., on or before 24.01.2023. To be noted, as regards the reply, the learned Revenue counsel points out that the only

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point raised is that the writ petitioner was not aware of the interest

component and he was not aware that he had to pay interest while the

portal itself points out the same. However, as this writ Court has left it to

the first respondent to deal with 25.04.2022 reply, this writ Court refrains

itself from expressing any view or opinion on this submission.

9. Captioned Writ Petition disposed of as closed with a limited

directive to the first respondent as set out supra. As already alluded to

supra, the second respondent will remain bound by this order and any

other order that may be made from time to time by the first respondent in

exercise of powers under Section 79 of TN-G&ST Act.

10. Captioned Writ Petition is disposed of. There shall be no order

as to costs.

03.01.2023

(2/2)

Index: Yes/No

Speaking / Non-speaking order

Neutral Citation: Yes / No

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To

The Assistant Commissioner (State Tax) (FAC) Muthialpet Assessment Circle Integrated Commercial Taxes Building No.32, Elephant Gate Bridge Road Chennai-600 003.

Meenambakkam, Chennai-600 027.

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